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2024 Salary Increase and Turnover Study—Second Edition

Salary Increase and Turnover - Questionnaire

This study collects data on salary increase delivery practices globally; plus separately gathers increase data (i.e., budgets/actuals) for 134 countries and turnover information for 43 select countries.

This questionnaire covers:

Global Salary Increase Delivery Practice Topics

- Pay Planning Schedule & Workforce Planning
- Talent Identification
- Performance Management
- Pay Philosophy and Approach
- Promotional Practices
- Special Adjustments

Salary Budget/Increases for 134 countries

- General
- Merit
- Special Adjustment
- Promotions
- Overall

Turnover Headcounts for 43 select countries

- Headcount at the start and end of collection period
- Number of terminations during collection period

You will receive access to complimentary report(s) based upon the completeness of your submission in a timely manner. We encourage you to participate fully, reporting data for all countries with current operations.

SPECIAL NOTES:

1. Browser: For an effective browser experience, use **Chrome or Firefox**.

2. Download:

- [Blank survey questionnaire](#)
- [Questionnaire instructions and other tips](#)

3. Recommendation: Complete the survey in one sitting, if possible. Answers will automatically be saved each time you advance to the next page or return to the previous page so you can step away and return to finish at a later time.

For new participants only: Should you need to complete in multiple sittings, to avoid deleting your progress, be sure browser cookies are not set for auto-deletion.

4. Prior year participants: As a past participant, you have received access to a personalized link containing pre-populated responses, making the current year submission much easier. This allows you and your team to review your responses from prior year, changing responses only where practices have changed or providing responses to new questions specific to current year. This link **can be shared** with others in your organization for completion, providing ability for others to review and contribute.

Once the final reviewer acknowledges **all responses** are completed, click the "Submit" button. This prompts a message to download a copy of your completed submission to keep for your reference. Do this before leaving the browser page. **Once submitted, your survey link will be closed.**

5. Don't forget: After completing the last question and clicking "Submit" you will be prompted to download a copy of your input. Be sure to save a copy of your responses prior to closing the browser window.

6. Question numbering: If certain questions do not apply based on your responses, you will automatically be moved to the next appropriate question. As a result, question numbers may not appear sequentially.

Send questions to: sits.marketstudies@aon.com

All data collected for this survey will be treated as strictly confidential. Only Aon will have access to data on a company-identified basis.

Aon

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The Rewards Solutions practice at Aon is committed to protecting your data and privacy. To learn more, read our online [privacy statement](#).

Contact Information

Organization Profile

Contact Information

Complete the following contact information for the individual primarily responsible for completing the study input. This person should be able to respond to questions about the information submitted.

Note: Enter the organization's name as you want it to appear in the participant list of the final report.

Organization Name

Organization ID*

Location ID*

Contact Person Name

Position Title

Work Email Address

Phone

Location of Contact Person
(Country)

Organization Profile Information

Organization Profile Information

Complete the following information for the organization participating in the survey. For example, if the participating organization is an independent corporation, the information would pertain to the global operations of the organization. If the participating organization is a unit of a larger organization (e.g., reporting data as a subsidiary, group, division, etc.), answers would pertain to the operations of the particular unit.

Headquarters Country: The location where most, if not all, of the important functions of an organization are coordinated. May not be the country where organizations are legally incorporated.

Australia

Belgium

Brazil

Canada

China

Denmark

Finland

France

India

Ireland

Israel

Japan

Malaysia

Mexico

Netherlands

New Zealand

Singapore

Spain

Sweden

Switzerland

Thailand

Turkey

United Arab Emirates

United Kingdom

- Germany
- Hong Kong

- Norway
- Philippines

- United States
- Other (specify)

Select the ownership type of the organization:

- Public
- Private: Venture Backed
- Private: Private Equity - Growth
- Private: Private Equity - Buyout
- Private: Other
- Not-For-Profit
- Government/State-Owned Enterprise

Choose one of these alternative ownership options or Click “Save and Continue” to confirm:

Private: Venture Backed—Startups having received financing from Venture Capital investors (Seed, Series A, Series B, etc.)

Private: Private Equity – Growth—Companies having received minority financing from Private Equity investors (Growth Equity)

Private: Private Equity – Buyout—Companies having sold a controlling interest to a Private Equity firm

Revenue: Select the total global revenue range (all countries combined) for the last fiscal year.
(In USD)

Note: The participant profile will not list revenue for private organizations. The revenue category for all publicly held corporations will automatically be listed.

- No sales revenue
 - Under \$10 million
 - \$10 million - \$49.9 million
 - \$50 million - \$99.9 million
 - \$100 million - \$199.9 million
 - \$200 million - \$499.9 million
 - \$500 million - \$999.9 million
 - \$1 billion - \$1.49 billion
 - \$1.5 billion - \$2.99 billion
 - \$3 billion - \$4.99 billion
 - \$5 billion - \$9.99 billion
 - \$10 billion - \$19.99 billion
 - \$20 billion and above
 - Unsure
-

Global Headcount: Select the total global headcount range (all countries combined) for the last fiscal year.

- Under 50
 - 50 - 199
 - 200 - 499
 - 500 - 999
 - 1,000 - 2,499
 - 2,500 - 4,999
 - 5,000 - 9,999
 - 10,000 - 19,999
 - 20,000 - 49,999
 - 50,000 and above
 - Unsure
-

Industry: From the drop-down, select the primary industry for the participating organization. If more than one industry can apply, select the one with the largest number of employees. Click [here](#) for industry definitions.

Region/Country Selection

Q1. Region/Country Selection

1. Check the regions where the organization has operations, which will then populate the country list.
2. Then check the countries within each region where the organization has operations.

Americas

Asia/Pacific

Europe

Middle East/Africa

Americas

Antigua

Argentina

Aruba

Bahamas

Barbados

Belize

Bermuda

Bolivia

Brazil

Canada

Cayman Islands

Chile

Colombia

Costa Rica

Curacao

Dominican Republic

Ecuador

El Salvador

Guatemala

Guyana

Haiti

Honduras

Jamaica

Mexico

Netherlands Antilles

Nicaragua

Panama

Paraguay

Peru

Puerto Rico

Suriname

Trinidad and Tobago

United States

Uruguay

Asia/Pacific

Australia

Bangladesh

Guam

Hong Kong

Kazakhstan

Macau

Pakistan

Papua New
Guinea

South Korea

Sri Lanka

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cambodia | <input type="checkbox"/> India | <input type="checkbox"/> Malaysia | <input type="checkbox"/> Philippines | <input type="checkbox"/> Taiwan |
| <input type="checkbox"/> China | <input type="checkbox"/> Indonesia | <input type="checkbox"/> Maldives | <input type="checkbox"/> Saipan | <input type="checkbox"/> Thailand |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fiji | <input type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input type="checkbox"/> New Zealand | <input type="checkbox"/> Singapore | <input type="checkbox"/> Vietnam |
-

Europe

- | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Armenia | <input type="checkbox"/> Estonia | <input type="checkbox"/> Isle of Man | <input type="checkbox"/> Serbia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Austria | <input type="checkbox"/> Finland | <input type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input type="checkbox"/> Romania |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Azerbaijan | <input type="checkbox"/> France | <input type="checkbox"/> Latvia | <input type="checkbox"/> Slovakia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Belarus | <input type="checkbox"/> Georgia | <input type="checkbox"/> Lithuania | <input type="checkbox"/> Slovenia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Belgium | <input type="checkbox"/> Germany | <input type="checkbox"/> Luxembourg | <input type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bosnia and Herzegovina | <input type="checkbox"/> Gibraltar | <input type="checkbox"/> Malta | <input type="checkbox"/> Sweden |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bulgaria | <input type="checkbox"/> Greece | <input type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input type="checkbox"/> Switzerland |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Croatia | <input type="checkbox"/> Guernsey | <input type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input type="checkbox"/> Turkey |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cyprus | <input type="checkbox"/> Hungary | <input type="checkbox"/> Poland | <input type="checkbox"/> Ukraine |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic | <input type="checkbox"/> Iceland | <input type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input type="checkbox"/> United Kingdom |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Denmark | <input type="checkbox"/> Ireland | | |
-

Middle East/Africa

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algeria | <input type="checkbox"/> Kenya | <input type="checkbox"/> Saudi Arabia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Angola | <input type="checkbox"/> Kuwait | <input type="checkbox"/> Senegal |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bahrain | <input type="checkbox"/> Lebanon | <input type="checkbox"/> South Africa |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Botswana | <input type="checkbox"/> Lesotho | <input type="checkbox"/> Swaziland |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cameroon | <input type="checkbox"/> Malawi | <input type="checkbox"/> Tanzania |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Egypt | <input type="checkbox"/> Mauritius | <input type="checkbox"/> Tunisia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Gabon | <input type="checkbox"/> Morocco | <input type="checkbox"/> Uganda |

Ghana

Israel

Ivory Coast

Jordan

Mozambique

Nigeria

Oman

Qatar

United Arab Emirates

Yemen

Zambia

Zimbabwe

Location of Employees

Location of Employees

Q2(a) Within the United States, in which state does the organization's largest employee population work?

Q2(b) Within the United States, in which city does the organization's largest employee population work?

Pay Planning Schedule & Workforce Planning

Throughout this study, when questions do not address specific individual countries, the term “Global” or “Worldwide” may be used. These terms are meant to represent the whole organization or, if multiple practices exist in different places, the single practice which impacts most employees. The answer may therefore represent the Headquarters country, the single country with the majority of employees, or the generally common practice covering multiple countries and the majority of employees. For example: if employees in Argentina receive two base pay increases per year, and

employees in every other country receive an increase once a year, the “Global” or “Worldwide” practice should be reported as once per year, even though every employee in the organization does not universally fall under that practice.

For the following section/questions, respond using the answer which best describes the practice that applies to the majority of employees, whether that is the Headquarters location, the country where most employees work, or a common practice across the countries where most employees work.

Pay Planning Schedule

Q3. During which month does the organization typically finalize salary budget decisions for the next pay increase cycle?

Q4. During which month are salary increases effective for the majority of employees?

Workforce Planning

Hiring Freeze: No new employees being hired.

Very Selective Hiring: Replacements and critical hires closely scrutinized.

Normal Hiring: Both replacements and additional hires require typical approval.

Aggressive Hiring: Actively planning and recruiting for growing organization.

Q5. Current Hiring Environment - What best describes the full-time employees current hiring environment?

	Hiring Freeze	Very Selective Hiring	Normal Hiring	Aggressive Hiring	Unsure
Americas					
United States	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Brazil	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Canada	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Mexico	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Asia/Pacific					
Australia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
China	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
India	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Europe					
France	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Germany	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Spain	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sweden	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
United Kingdom	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Decrease by More Than 5%	Decrease by up to 5%	Stay About the Same	Increase by up to 5%	Increase by More Than 5% up to 10%	Increase by More Than 10%, up to 15%	Increase by More Than 15%	Unsure
United Kingdom	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Talent Identification

Talent Identification

High Potentials: An elite group of employees who are seen as being capable of contributing to the organization in a role with greater complexity, impact, scope, and scale than their current roles. They have the versatility to play a number of roles in the organization; demonstrate the ability to see things from new perspectives and to quickly adapt; would be difficult to replace due to the value that they bring to the organization; and consistently deliver strong results.

Top Performers: A group of employees who clearly and consistently demonstrate extraordinary and exceptional accomplishments in all major areas of responsibility. Performance of this caliber is rarely achieved by others who hold positions of comparable responsibility. A top performer is not automatically a high potential.

Critical Talent/Key Positions: Those positions that require specific knowledge, skills and specialization. These employees are difficult to replace due to the value they bring to the organization. Without these employees, operations are at risk; with them, profitability and growth are achievable.

Q7. Does the organization identify employees with the designations defined above?

	Yes	No	Unsure
High Potentials	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Yes	No	Unsure
Top Performers	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Critical Talent/Key Positions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Talent Identification

Q8. Which methods are used to ensure the following populations receive differentiated salary increases?

	High Potentials	Top Performers	Critical Talent/Key Positions	General Population
Separate salary increase guidelines (i.e., instructions to managers giving larger increases to better performers)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mid-year/more frequent salary reviews	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pay adjustments outside the merit process/budget	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Use of specific merit matrix (e.g., increases linked to performance and position in pay range)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
No actions taken to ensure differentiated increases are awarded	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If other, specify:

Q9. What types of increase to compensation effectively provide rewards to the following populations?

	High Potentials	Top Performers	Critical Talent/Key Positions	General Population
Merit increases to base pay	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Special increases to base pay	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Promotions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Variable pay (e.g., bonus/incentive)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Long-term incentives (e.g., stock)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-cash special recognition (e.g., training/development, special projects)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
One-time cash award (e.g., spot bonus, retention bonus)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If other, specify:

Talent Identification

Q10. What percentage of the full-time workforce is identified as **High Potential** employees?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q11. Does the organization establish a separate merit budget for **High Potential** employees?

- Yes
- No
- Unsure

Q12. How is the separate merit budget for **High Potential** employees typically established?

- In addition to** the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget for all employees plus this special budget)
- A **carve out** of the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget, 0.5% is **carved out** for high potentials leaving 2.5% for all others)
- Unsure

Q13. What is the typical relationship of merit increases for **High Potential** employees compared to merit increases for average performers?

(Select the relationship that comes closest)

- 1:1 (e.g., both groups receive about the same size increase)
- 1.25:1
- 1.5:1 (e.g., 4.5% for high potentials, 3% for average performers)
- 1.75:1
- 2:1 (e.g., 6% for high potentials, 3% for average performers)
- 2.25:1

- 2.5:1 (e.g., 7.5% for high potentials, 3% for average performers)
 - 2.75:1
 - 3:1 (e.g., 9% for high potentials, 3% for average performers)
 - Higher ratio (more than 3:1)
 - Not Tracked
 - Unsure
-

Talent Identification

Q14. What percentage of the full-time employee workforce is typically considered **Top Performers**?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q15. Does the organization establish a separate merit budget for **Top Performer** employees?

- Yes
 - No
 - Unsure
-

Q16. How is the separate merit budget for **Top Performers** typically established?

- In addition to** the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget for all employees plus this special budget)
 - A **carve out** of the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget, 0.5% is **carved out** for top performers leaving 2.5% for all others)
 - Unsure
-

Q17. What is the typical relationship of merit increases for **Top Performers** compared to merit increases for average performers?

(Select the relationship that comes closest)

- 1:1 (e.g., both groups receive about the same size increase)
 - 1.25:1
 - 1.5:1 (e.g., 4.5% for top performers, 3% for average performers)
 - 1.75:1
 - 2:1 (e.g., 6% for top performers, 3% for average performers)
 - 2.25:1
 - 2.5:1 (e.g., 7.5% for top performers, 3% for average performers)
 - 2.75:1
 - 3:1 (e.g., 9% for top performers, 3% for average performers)
 - Higher ratio (more than 3:1)
 - Not Tracked
 - Unsure
-

Talent Identification

Q18. What percentage of the full-time employee workforce is typically considered **Critical Talent/Key Positions**?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q19. Does the organization establish a separate merit **budget** for **Critical Talent/Key Position** employees?

- Yes
- No

Unsure

Q20. How is the separate merit budget for **Critical Talent/Key Positions** typically established?

- In addition to** the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget for all employees plus this special budget)
 - A **carve out** of the overall merit budget for all employees (e.g., 3.0% overall merit budget, 0.5% is **carved out** for critical/key positions leaving 2.5% for all others)
 - Unsure
-

Q21. What is the typical relationship of merit increases for **Critical Talent/Key Positions** compared to merit increases for average performers?

(Select the relationship that comes closest)

- 1:1 (e.g., both groups receive about the same size increase)
 - 1.25:1
 - 1.5:1 (e.g., 4.5% for critical/key positions, 3% for average performers)
 - 1.75:1
 - 2:1 (e.g., 6% for critical/key positions, 3% for average performers)
 - 2.25:1
 - 2.5:1 (e.g., 7.5% for critical/key positions, 3% for average performers)
 - 2.75:1
 - 3:1 (e.g., 9% for critical/key positions, 3% for average performers)
 - Higher ratio (more than 3:1)
 - Not Tracked
 - Unsure
-

Any additional comments specific to Talent Identification you would like to share?

Performance Management

Performance Management

Q22. Does the organization use a formal performance management system to evaluate employees using predetermined objectives and periodic assessments?

- Yes
 - No
 - Unsure
-

Performance Management

Q23. What information about the employee's performance rating is shared with the employee?

- A performance rating is assigned and rating is communicated to the employee
 - A performance rating is assigned (e.g., to help administer pay decisions) but the rating is not communicated to the employee
 - A performance rating is not assigned (i.e., there is no rating to communicate to the employee)
 - Other
 - Unsure
-

If other, specify:

Performance Management

Q24. Describe the performance management approach used prior to the current no-rating approach.

- Used a rating system before changing to the no-rating system in use today
- Changed from one no-rating system (like informal feedback) to a different no-rating system (like a 9-box talent assessment tool)
- Always used the no-ratings approach in use today
- Unsure

Q25. When did the organization move to a no-rating system?

- Made/will make the change this year
- Made the change last year
- Made the change 2 years ago
- Made the change more than 2 years ago
- Unsure

Q26. Would the organization make the same move to a no-rating approach given the opportunity to make the decision again?

- Yes
- No
- Unsure

Performance Management

Q27. How is the performance rating distribution determined?

- Forced ranking
- Limit top rating to specific percentage of employees
- Requires specific distribution (target) across employee ratings
- Loose **guidelines** provided for distribution requirements
- No target or guideline rating distribution requirements in use
- Unsure

Q28. What performance rating scale is used by the organization?

- 2 point (pass/fail)
- 3 point
- 4 point
- 5 point
- 6 point
- 7 point
- Other
- Unsure

If other, specify:

Q29. Can managers formally assign a +/- to the numerical rating?

- Yes
- No
- Unsure

Performance Management

Q30. In the United States, what is the average merit award and percent of population receiving by rating for employees (e.g., rating 1 equals Top Rating)?

Note: If the value is less than 1.0% report with leading 0 (e.g., 0.4)

	Average Merit Increase (as a % of base salary)	Percentage of Population Receiving (total should add to 100%)
Rating 1 (Top)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rating 2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rating 3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rating 4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rating 5	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rating 6	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

	Average Merit Increase (as a % of base salary)	Percentage of Population Receiving (total should add to 100%)
Rating 7	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Performance Management

Q31. Is the organization considering eliminating formal performance ratings?

- No plans to eliminate formal performance ratings
- No, we returned to ratings, after using a **no rating** approach
- Yes, we are considering eliminating performance ratings
- Unsure

Performance Management

Q32. Does the organization use an alternative rating system (e.g., 9 box)?

- Yes
- No
- Unsure

Any additional comments specific to Performance Management you would like to share?

Pay Increase Philosophy and Approach

Pay Increase Philosophy and Approach

Q33. How often are employee pay levels typically reviewed for potential salary adjustment?

	Annually	Semi-Annually	Quarterly	As Needed/Informal	Unsure
Americas					
United States	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Argentina	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Brazil	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Canada	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Mexico	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Asia/Pacific					
Australia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
China	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Hong Kong	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
India	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Indonesia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Japan	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Annually	Semi-Annually	Quarterly	As Needed/Informal	Unsure
Malaysia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
New Zealand	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Philippines	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Singapore	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
South Korea	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Taiwan	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Thailand	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Vietnam	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Europe					
Austria	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Belgium	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Czech Republic	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Denmark	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Finland	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
France	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Germany	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Hungary	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Ireland	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Italy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Annually	Semi-Annually	Quarterly	As Needed/Informal	Unsure
Netherlands	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Norway	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Poland	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Portugal	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Romania	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Spain	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sweden	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Switzerland	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Turkey	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
United Kingdom	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Middle East/Africa					
Israel	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Saudi Arabia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
South Africa	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
United Arab Emirates	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Q34. Do salary increases above a certain amount require special approval?

Yes

No

Unsure

Pay Increase Philosophy and Approach

Q35. Who approves individual salary increases above a certain amount?

- Department Management
- Functional Area Executives
- Corporate Executives (e.g., CFO, Board)
- CEO
- Compensation Department
- Human Resources
- Other

If other, specify:

Pay Increase Philosophy and Approach

Q36. Which statement best describes the typical approach to determining an employee's base salary increase?

- Managers decide individual pay rates with some budget guidelines without compensation department oversight
- The compensation department reviews manager recommendations and seeks clarification where needed
- Executive management reviews manager recommendations before increases are approved
- The compensation department recommends an actual increase award for each employee, but the manager ultimately determines the amount
- The compensation department recommends an actual increase award for employee. Managers can seek a different increase amount as an exception

- Someone other than the department manager (e.g., compensation, executive, an algorithm) decides the increase and the manager has no discretion
 - Unsure
-

Q37. What factors influence salary increase **budget** recommendations?

- Salary surveys of competitive salary increase budgets
 - Organization's ability to pay (financial performance vs plan)
 - Organization's employee position to market
 - Organization's movement of salary ranges
 - Senior management discretion
 - Economic conditions (e.g., inflation, unemployment)
 - Union/work council agreement
 - Organization's current salary increase budget
 - No salary increase budget used
 - Other
-

If other, specify:

Q38. What factors are typically used to determine the pay increase award for individual employees?

- Individual performance
- Position in salary range
- Pay to market (external equity)
- Pay to peers (internal equity)

- Manager discretion within budget
 - Retention risk
 - Cost-of-living adjustment
 - Other
-

If other, specify:

Q39. Which statement best describes the factors influencing **individual** salary increase decisions?

- Salary changes are more heavily influenced by employee performance than by position in the salary range (or position to market)
 - Salary changes are equally influenced by employee performance and position in salary range (or position to market).
 - Salary changes are more heavily influenced by position in salary range (or position to market) than by employee performance
 - Unsure
-

Q40. Has the organization evaluated gender/ethnicity pay equity?

- Pay equity analyzed as separate periodic process
- Pay equity analyzed within pay increase approval process
- Completed a one-time evaluation
- Evaluation currently in process
- Planning to do an evaluation
- Increasing awareness through education
- Doing what is legally required

Not applicable (no plans)

Other

If other, specify:

Q41. What typical action does the organization take to address gender/ethnicity pay equity?

Separate budget used to address gender/ethnicity pay equity issues

Regular salary increase budget used to address gender/ethnicity pay equity issues

Case-by-case

No actions

Unsure

Any additional comments specific to Pay Increase Philosophy and Approach you would like to share?

Salary Increase

Salary Increase

Q42. In the United States, what percentage of full-time employees working for at least one full year, actually received a salary increase during the **last 12 months**?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q43. In the United States, what percentage of full-time employees working for at least one full year are expected to receive a salary increase in the **next 12 months**?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Promotions

Promotions

Promotion: Job change to a higher salary grade, or with a higher salary midpoint/market reference point.

Promotional Budget: The amount of an increase granted to an employee as the result of a promotion.

Q44. Which statement best describes how promotional increases are typically managed?

- Manage/control promotions to a percentage of current headcount (i.e., only a certain percentage of employees can receive a promotion each year).
- Fund promotions using the merit/overall salary increase budget. Promotion spending is not managed separately from other increases (i.e., one source funds all actions).

- Fund promotions using a separate budget, distinct from merit increase and other adjustments (i.e., merit money has a source, promotion money has a source).
- Promotions are not managed/tracked as part of the pay increase budget/spend process.
- Unsure

Q45. When do promotions typically occur?

	One Formal Cycle per Year	Two Formal Cycles per Year	Primarily Limited to Pay Administration Season but Exceptions can Happen	Promotions can Happen at any Time	Unsure
In-Family Promotions (e.g., Accountant 1 to Accountant 2)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Out-of-Family Promotions (e.g., Individual Contributor to Management role)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Q46. In the United States, what percentage of full-time employees received a promotion in the **last 12 months**?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q47. In the United States, of those receiving a promotion in the **last 12 months**, what was the typical increase granted, above and beyond other increases, as a percentage of prior salary?
(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Q48. Can an employee receive a salary increase when moving laterally (e.g., change between jobs leveled equally within the organization, such as from Accountant 3 to Financial Analyst 3)?

- Results in a salary increase of a similar size to a promotional increase
- Results in a salary increase smaller than a typical promotional increase
- Lateral job change would typically NOT result in a salary increase
- Unsure

Any additional comments specific to Promotions you would like to share?

Across-the-Board Increase/General Increase

Across-the-Board Increase/General Increase

Q49. In the United States, during the **last 12 months**, did the organization provide a group/all employees in one work location an increase in pay of the same amount (either a lump-sum or percent of salary)?

- Yes
 - No
 - Unsure
-

Across-the-Board Increase/General Increase

Q50. In the United States, if not required by law, under what circumstances would the organization provide a group of employees the same size pay adjustment?

- Change in minimum wage
- Negotiated contract provision (impacting unionized employees)
- Cost-of-living adjustment (typically due to high inflation)
- Organization only gives general increase, no individual performance is considered
- General labor market conditions
- Other

If other, specify:

Special Adjustments

Special Adjustments

Special Adjustment and/or Miscellaneous: The amount of any salary adjustment granted to an employee for a special or unique situation typically not covered by a merit, promotion or across-the-board increase. This includes market, equity, or "hot skills" adjustments.

Q51. How is special salary adjustment spending managed?

- Separate special adjustment budget
 - Combined special adjustment and promotional budget
 - Overall budget
 - Not budgeted
 - Unsure
-

Special Adjustments

Q52. What are the typical reasons for awarding special adjustments to salaries?

- Market adjustments (i.e., external equity)
 - Internal equity
 - Hot skills
 - Gender/ethnicity equity parity adjustment
 - Retention/counteroffers
 - Promotions
 - Other
-

If other, specify:

Q53. What percentage of the employee population received a special pay adjustment (not merit or promotion) in the **last 12 months**?

Please comment/explain why this value is so high.

Turnover

Turnover

Q54. **Overall Employee Population:** Worldwide population includes all countries in which the organization has operations. Report country-specific information where requested.

Sales Population: Includes all employees responsible for the sale of the organization's products/services and those employees supporting the sales process. Taken together, these groups comprise the entire sales function within the organization.

From June 1, 2023 to June 1, 2024 report:

Total Terminations Between the Dates Provided: The total number of employees whose employment ended during the period for any reason.

Involuntary Terminations Between the Dates Provided: The total number of employees whose employment ended during the period at the organization's initiative (e.g., performance-related termination, layoff, redundancy, etc.)

If no terminations occurred during the time period, enter zero in the appropriate box.

Note: If a "Scroll Bar" is visible, slide it to the right to view all the other options for response.

	Overall Population (Including Sales)			
	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Involuntary Terminations Between Dates Provided
Worldwide	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



Q55. Americas

	Overall Population (Including Sales)			
	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Involuntary Terminations Between Dates Provided
United States	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Argentina	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Brazil	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Canada	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Mexico	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



Q56. Asia/Pacific

	Overall Population (Including Sales)			
	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Involu Terminator Dates P
Australia				
China				
Hong Kong				
India				
Indonesia				
Japan				
Malaysia				
New Zealand				
Philippines				
Singapore				
South Korea				
Taiwan				
Thailand				
Vietnam				



Q57. Europe

Overall Population (Including Sales)

	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Involuntary Terminations Betwe Dates Provided
Austria				
Belgium				
Czech Republic				
Denmark				
Finland				
France				
Germany				
Hungary				
Ireland				
Italy				
Netherlands				
Norway				
Poland				
Portugal				
Romania				
Spain				
Sweden				
Switzerland				

	Overall Population (Including Sales)			
	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Involuntary Terminations Between Dates Provided
Turkey	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
United Kingdom	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Q58. Middle East/Africa

	Overall Population (Including Sales)			
	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2023	Full-Time Employee Headcount - June 1, 2024	Total Terminations Between Dates Provided	Invo Terminatic Dates
Israel	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Saudi Arabia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
South Africa	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
United Arab Emirates	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



Regrettable Turnover: An employee who leaves the organization that the manager wishes did not. The employee's positive impact will be missed by the organization.

Q59. Does the organization track regrettable turnover?

	Yes	No	Unsure
Americas			
United States	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Brazil	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Canada	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Mexico	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Asia/Pacific			
Australia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
China	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
India	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Europe			
France	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Germany	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Spain	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sweden	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
United Kingdom	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Turnover

Q60. In the United States, what percentage of voluntary turnover was considered "regrettable" in the **last 12 months**?

(enter as whole number, no decimal places)

Example:

Imagine the organization had an average headcount of 100 employees last year and that 20 people quit during the year. So the overall voluntary turnover rate is: 20% (20/100)

Of those 20 people, 15 of them have been considered **regrettable departures**.

In this scenario, the regrettable turnover figure to report is 75% (15/20).

United States

Actual Budgets – United States (U.S.)

Salary Increase Actuals and Budgets-United States (U.S.)

This section is gathering data specific to the U.S.

General Salary Increase: The amount of any across-the-board increases given to all employees in a classification, without consideration of performance. This would include general lump-sum payments and cost-of-living allowances (COLA) mandated by Union negotiations.

Merit Increase: Defined as an increase in pay typically based on the employee's work performance and contribution to the organization.

Promotional Budget: The amount of an increase granted to an employee as the result of a promotion.

When established, the promotion budget is generally a fraction of the merit or overall increase budget. It is NOT the average size of a promotional increase. If the data is not easily available, the percent of payroll spent on promotions can be computed as the “average promotion size” multiplied by the “percent of population receiving” a promotion. For example, if 10% of employees receive a promotion and the average increase is 15% of base salary, then 1.5% of payroll is spent on promotional increases.

	General			Merit			Promotions		P/E
	2024 Budget (%)	2024 Actual (%)	2025 Projected Budget (%)	2024 Budget (%)	2024 Actual (%)	2025 Projected Budget (%)	2024 Budget (%)	2024 Actual (%)	
Hourly	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
All Employees	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Actual Budgets – Global (all countries outside of the U.S.)

Salary Increase Actuals and Budgets—Global (all countries outside of the U.S.)

General Salary Increase: The amount of any across-the-board increases given to all employees in a classification, without consideration of performance. This would include general lump-sum payments and cost-of-living allowances (COLA) and mandated by either a government or by a union.

Merit Increase: Defined as an increase in pay typically based on the employee's work performance and contribution to the organization.

Promotional Budget: The amount of an increase granted to an employee as the result of a promotion.

When established, the promotion budget is generally a fraction of the merit or overall increase budget. It is NOT the average size of a promotional increase. If the data is not easily available, the percent of payroll spent on promotions can be computed as the “average promotion size” multiplied by the “percent of population receiving” a promotion. For example, if 10% of employees receive a promotion and the average increase is 15% of base salary, then 1.5% of payroll is spent on promotional increases.

Special Adjustment: The amount of any salary adjustment granted to an employee for a special or unique situation that

	2024 Budget					2024 Actual			
	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Special Adjustments (%)	Overall (%)	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Ac
Jamaica									
Mexico									
Netherlands Antilles									
Nicaragua									
Panama									
Paraguay									
Peru									
Puerto Rico									
Suriname									
Trinidad and Tobago									
Uruguay									

Q63. Salary Increase Actuals and Budgets-Asia/Pacific

Note: If the organization has more than 10 countries to submit, click [here](#) to request Excel template.

If the budget is done separately by type, report each category in the table below.

If the budget is not done separately by type, provide only the overall budget.

0% should be entered only if there is a salary freeze in place.

	2024 Budget					2024 Actual			
	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Special Adjustments (%)	Overall (%)	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Ac
Maldives									
New Zealand									
Pakistan									
Papua New Guinea									
Philippines									
Saipan									
Singapore									
South Korea									
Sri Lanka									
Taiwan									
Thailand									
Vietnam									

Q64. Salary Increase Actuals and Budgets-Europe

Note: If the organization has more than 10 countries to submit, click [here](#) to request Excel template.

If the budget is done separately by type, report each category in the table below.

If the budget is not done separately by type, provide only the overall budget.

	2024 Budget					2024 Actual			
	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Special Adjustments (%)	Overall (%)	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Sp Adjust (%)
Norway									
Poland									
Portugal									
Romania									
Serbia									
Slovakia									
Slovenia									
Spain									
Sweden									
Switzerland									
Turkey									
Ukraine									
United Kingdom									

Q65. Salary Increase Actuals and Budgets-Middle East/Africa

Note: If the organization has more than 10 countries to submit, click [here](#) to request Excel template.

	2024 Budget					2024 Actual			
	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Special Adjustments (%)	Overall (%)	General (%)	Merit (%)	Promotions (%)	Sp Adju:
United Arab Emirates	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Yemen	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Zambia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Zimbabwe	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Structure Movement

Structure Movement

Q66. How frequently does the organization typically make adjustments to salary ranges/bands to reflect movements in the market place?

- Annually
 - Every other year
 - As needed
 - Not applicable
 - Unsure
-

Q67. Structure Movement-Americas

Report the formal salary range/band (or wage rate) adjustment percentage for the time periods indicated.

	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
United States	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Argentina	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Brazil	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Canada	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Mexico	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Q68. Structure Movement-Asia/Pacific

Report the formal salary range/band (or wage rate) adjustment percentage for the time periods indicated.

	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
Australia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
China	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Hong Kong	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
India	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
Indonesia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Japan	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Malaysia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
New Zealand	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Philippines	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Singapore	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
South Korea	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Taiwan	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Thailand	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Vietnam	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Q69. Structure Movement-Europe

Report the formal salary range/band (or wage rate) adjustment percentage for the time periods indicated.

	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
Austria	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Belgium	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
Czech Republic	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Denmark	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Finland	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
France	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Germany	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Hungary	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Ireland	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Italy	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Netherlands	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Norway	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Poland	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Portugal	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Romania	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Spain	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Sweden	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Switzerland	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Turkey	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
United Kingdom	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Q70. Structure Movement-Middle East/Africa

Report the formal salary range/band (or wage rate) adjustment percentage for the time periods indicated.

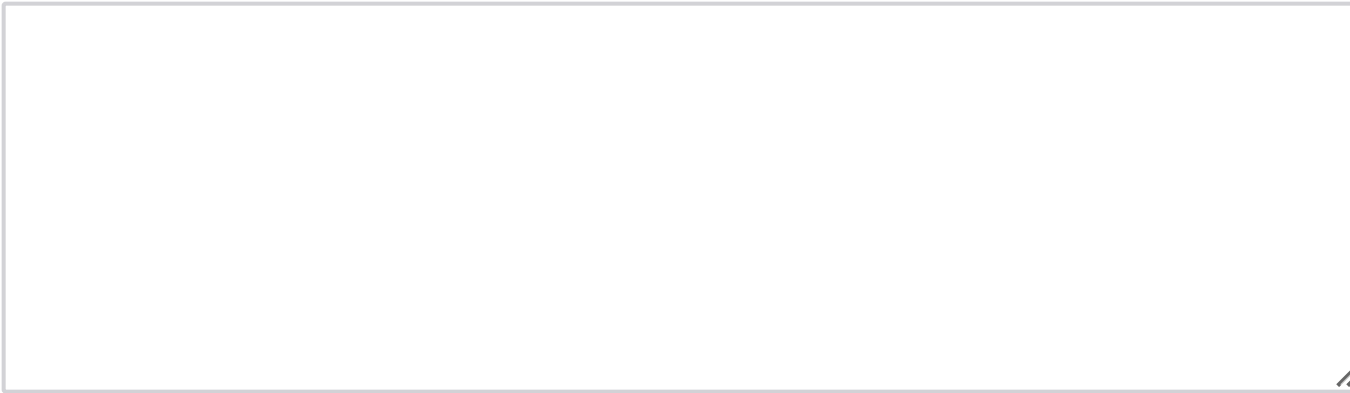
	Last Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
	Actual %	Actual %	Projected %
Israel	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Saudi Arabia	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
South Africa	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
United Arab Emirates	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Feedback/Comments

Overall Feedback

Overall Feedback

We welcome feedback and suggestions.



Click "Submit" at the bottom of the page to complete your submission.